

## **Operator's Manual**



Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

#### Table of contents

# Table of contents

T	Table of contents					
1	General Notes					
	1.1	Intended use				
	1.2	Warranty	8			
	1.3	Scope of delivery				
	1.4	Maintenance				
		1 Cleaning				
	1.5	Model overview	10			
2	2 Technical Data					
	2.1	General specifications				
	2.2	Electrical specifications	15			

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

# sales@GlobalTestSupply.com

3

#### +optris

	2.3	Measurement specifications1			
	2.4	Opt	tical specifications	20	
3	Med	chani	ical Installation	29	
	3.1	Dim	nensions	29	
	3.2	Cha	anging the lens	36	
	3.3	Fixi	ing the focus of the lens (only for PI 05M/ 08M/ 1M)	37	
	3.4	Μοι	unting accessories (optional)	39	
	3.5 High temperature accessories				
	3.5.	1	CoolingJacket Advanced	40	
	3.5.2 Laminar air purge for CoolingJacket				
	3.5.	3	Outdoor protective housing	45	
4	Ele	ctrica	al Installation	46	
	4.1	Pro	cess interface	47	

Find Quality Products Online at:

4

T	able of	conte	nts	5
	4.1.1		PIN allocation	49
	4.1.2		Industrial Process Interface (optional)	51
	4.2	Exa	mple for a Fail-Safe monitoring of the PI with a PLC	54
	4.3	USE	3 cable extension	56
5	IRr	nobile	е Арр	58
6 Software PIX Connect			e PIX Connect	60
	6.1	Inst	allation and initial start-up	61
	6.2	Soft	tware window	63
	6.2	2.1	Basis features of the software PIX Connect	65
7	Ва	sics c	of Infrared Thermometry	68
8 Emissivity			ity	74
	8.1	Defi	inition	74
	8.2	Dete	ermination of unknown emissivity	76

Find Quality Products Online at:

#### +optris

8.3	Characteristic emissivity	
Append	lix A – Table of emissivity for metals	79
Append	lix B – Table of emissivity for non-metals	81
Append	lix C – Quick start for serial communication	82
Append	lix D – Interprocess Communication (IPC)	84
Append	lix E – PIX Connect Resource Translator	85
Append	lix F – Wiring diagrams PIF	86
Append	lix G – Declaration of Conformity	90

Find Quality Products Online at:

6

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

#### **General Notes**

## 1 General Notes

### 1.1 Intended use

Thank you for choosing the **optris® PI** infrared camera.

The optris PI calculates the surface temperature based on the emitted infrared energy of objects [▶7 Basics of Infrared Thermometry]. The two-dimensional detector (FPA - focal plane array) allows a measurement of an area and will be shown as thermal image using standardized palettes. The radiometric processing of the picture data enables the user to do a comfortable detailed analysis with the software PIX Connect.

The PI is a precise instrument and contains an extremely sensitive infrared detector and a highquality lens.



The alignment of the camera to **intensive energy sources** (e.g. devices which emit laser radiation or reflections of such equipment) can cause an **irreparable defect of the infrared detector**. This is also valid if the camera is switched off.

Such kinds of damages are excluded from warranty.



Read the manual carefully before the initial start-up. The producer reserves the right to change the herein described specifications in case of technical advance of the product.

- Avoid abrupt changes of the ambient temperature.
- Avoid static electricity, arc welders, and induction heaters. Keep away from very strong EMF (electromagnetic fields).
- U

In case of problems or questions which may arise when you use the infrared camera, please contact our service department.



▶ All accessories can be ordered according to the referred part numbers in brackets [].

### 1.2 Warranty

Each single product passes through a quality process. Nevertheless, if failures occur contact the customer service at once. The warranty period covers 24 months starting on the delivery date. After the warranty is expired the manufacturer guarantees additional 6 months warranty for all repaired or substituted product components. Warranty does not apply to damages, which result from misuse or neglect. The warranty also expires if you open the product. The manufacturer is not liable for consequential damage or in case of a non-intended use of the product.

If a failure occurs during the warranty period the product will be replaced, calibrated or repaired without further charges. The freight costs will be paid by the sender. The manufacturer reserves the right to exchange components of the product instead of repairing it. If the failure results from misuse or neglect the user has to pay for the repair. In that case you may ask for a cost estimate beforehand.

**Find Quality Products Online at:** 

#### **General Notes**

### 1.3 Scope of delivery

- PI 400i, PI 450i, PI 450i G7, PI 640, PI 640 G7, PI 05M, PI 08M or PI 1M incl. 1 lens
- USB-cable: 1 m (standard scope of supply, no IP67 protection class)
  - 1 m, 3 m, 5 m, 10 m, 20 m (optional, for industrial applications, with IP67)
- Table tripod
- Process interface cable incl. terminal block (1 m)
- Software package PIX Connect
- Operators manual
- Aluminum case
- PI 450i/ 450i G7/ 640/ 640 G7 only: robust hard transport case (IP67)

### 1.4 Maintenance

Never use cleaning compounds which contain solvents (neither for the lens nor for the housing).

#### 1.4.1 Cleaning

Blow off loose particles using clean compressed air. The lens surface can be cleaned with a soft, humid tissue (moistened with water) or a lens cleaner (e.g. Purosol or B+W Lens Cleaner).

**Find Quality Products Online at:** 

### 1.5 Model overview

10

The cameras of the PI series are available in the following basic versions:

Model	Model code	Temperature range	Spectral range	Frame rate	Typical applications
PI 400i/ PI 450i	IR	-20 to 900 °C 200 to 1500 °C (optional)	8 – 14 µm	80 Hz	Real-time thermographic images in high speed; Detection of smallest temperature differences (PI 450i)
PI 450i G7	IR	200 to 1500 °C 150 to 900 °C	7.9 µm	80 Hz/ 27 Hz	Measurement of glass (with Line-Scanning mode)
PI 640	IR	-20 to 900 °C 200 to 1500 °C (optional)	8 – 14 µm	32 Hz	Pin-sharp radiometric recordings in real time
PI 640 G7	IR	200 to 1500 °C 150 to 900 °C	7.9 µm	32 Hz	Measurement of glass (with Line-Scanning mode)
PI 05M	IR	900 to 2450 °C	500 – 540 nm	Up to 1 kHz	Measurement of metallic surfaces, graphite or ceramics with short wavelengths
PI 08M	IR	575 to 1900 °C	780 – 820 nm	Up 1 kHz	Measurement of metallic surfaces, graphite or ceramics with short wavelengths, especially for laser applications
PI 1M	IR	450 to 1800 °C	0.85 – 1.1 µm	Up to 1 kHz	Measurement of metallic surfaces, graphite or ceramics with short wavelengths

Table 1: Model overview

Find Quality Products Online at:

# 2 Technical Data

# 2.1 General specifications

Environmental rating:	IP67 (NEMA-4)
Ambient temperature:	050 °C [PI 400i/ PI 640/ PI 640 G7] 550 °C [PI 05M/ PI 08M/ PI 1M] 070 °C [PI 450i/ PI 450i G7]
Storage temperature:	-4070 °C (-4085 °C [PI 450i/ PI 450i G7])
Relative humidity:	1095 %, non-condensing
Material (housing):	Aluminum, anodized
Dimensions:	PI 400i/ PI 450i (450i G7): 46 x 56 x 68 - 77 mm (depending on lens and focus position) PI 640 (640 G7): 46 x 56 x 76 - 100 mm (depending on lens and focus position) PI 640 microscope optics: 46 x 56 x 119 – 126 mm (depending on focus position) PI 05M/ PI 08M/ PI 1M: 46 x 56 x 88 - 129 mm (depending on lens and focus position)
Weight:	PI 400i/ PI 450i (450i G7): 237-251 g (depending on lens) PI 640 (640 G7): 269-340 g (depending on lens) PI 05M/ PI 08M/ PI 1M: 253-311 g (depending on lens) PI 640 microscope optics: 370 g

Find Quality Products Online at:

12

+optris

Cable length (USB 2.0):	1 m (standard), 3 m, 5 m, 10 m, 20 m
Vibration <sup>1)</sup> :	IEC 60068-2-6 (sinus shaped) IEC 60068-2-64 (broadband noise)
Shock <sup>1)</sup> :	IEC 60068-2-27 (25 G and 50 G)

### <sup>1)</sup> Used standards for vibration and shock:

IEC 60068-1:1988 + Corr. 1988 + A1: 1992 DIN EN 60068-1:1995-03 "Umweitprüfungen - Teil 1: Allgemeines und Leitfaden"
IEC 60068-2-6:2007 DIN EN 60068-2-6; VDE 0468-2-6:2008-10 "Umgebungseinflüsse - Teil 2-6: Prüfverfahren - Prüfung Fc: Schwingen (sinusförmig)"
IEC 60068-2-27:2008 DIN EN 60068-2-27; VDE 0468-2-27:2010-02 "Umgebungseinflüsse - Teil 2-27: Prüfverfahren - Prüfung Ea und Leitfaden: Schocken"
IEC 60068-2-47:2005 DIN EN 60068-2-47:2006-03 "Umgebungseinflüsse - Teil 2-47: Prüfverfahren - Befestigung von Prüflingen für Schwing-, Stoß- und ähnliche dynamische Prüfungen"
IEC 60068-2-64:2008 DIN EN 60068-2-64; VDE 0468-2-64:2009-04 "Umgebungseinflüsse - Teil 2-64: Prüfverfahren - Prüfung Fh: Schwingen, Breitbandrauschen (digital geregelt) und Leitfaden"

Figure 1: Used standards

Stress program (camera in operation):

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

Shock, half sinus 25 G – testing Ea 25 G (acc. IEC 60068-2-27)					
Acceleration	245 m/s <sup>2</sup>	(25 G)			
Pulse duration	11 ms				
Number of directions	6	(3 axes with 2 directions each)			
Duration	600 Shocks	(100 Shocks each direction)			
Shock, half sinus 50 G - tes	ting Ea 50 G (acc. IEC 60068	3-2-27)			
Acceleration	490 m/s <sup>2</sup>	(50 G)			
Pulse duration	11 ms				
Number of directions	6	(3 axes with two directions each)			
Duration	18 Shocks	(3 Shocks each direction)			
Vibration, sinus shaped – te	sting Fc (acc. IEC60068-2-6)				
Frequency range	10 - 500 Hz				
Acceleration	29.42 m/s <sup>2</sup>	(3 G)			
Frequency change	1 Octave/ min				

13

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

14

+optris

Number of axes	3			
Duration	1:30 h	(3 x 0.30 h)		
Vibration, broadband noise – testing Fh (acc. IEC60068-2-64)				
Frequency range	10 - 2000 Hz			
Acceleration	39.3 m/s <sup>2</sup>	(4.01 G <sub>RMS</sub> ))		
Frequency spectrum	10 - 106 Hz	0.9610 (m/s²)²/Hz	(0.010 G²/Hz)	
	106 - 150 Hz	+6 dB/ Octave		
	150 - 500 Hz	1.9230 (m/s²)²/Hz	(0.020 G <sup>2</sup> /Hz)	
	500 - 2000 Hz	-6 dB/ Octave		
	2000 Hz	0.1245 (m/s²)²/Hz	(0.00126 G <sup>2</sup> /Hz)	
Number of axes	3			
Duration	3 h	(3 x 1 h)		

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

# 2.2 Electrical specifications

Power Supply:	5 VDC (powered via USB 2.0 interface)
Current draw:	Max 500 mA
AO: Output Standard Process Interface (PIF out)	0 - 10 V (Main measure area, measure area, internal temperature, flag status, recording status, line scan status, alarm, frame sync, fail-safe, external communication) [► Appendix F – Wiring diagrams PIF]
Al: Input Standard Process Interface (PIF in)	<ul> <li>0 - 10 V (Emissivity, ambient temperature, reference temperature, uncommitted value, flag control, triggered snapshots, triggered recording, triggered linescanner, triggered event grabber, reset peak-/value-hold, switch temperature range)</li> <li>[▶ Appendix F – Wiring diagrams PIF]</li> </ul>
DI: Digital Input Standard Process Interface	<ul> <li>Flag control, , triggered snapshots, triggered recording, triggered linescanner, triggered event grabber, reset peak-/value-hold, switch temperature range</li> <li>▶ Appendix F – Wiring diagrams PIF]</li> </ul>
Digital interface:	USB 2.0

15

## 2.3 Measurement specifications

<u>PI 400i</u>	<u>PI 450i</u>	<u>PI 450i G7</u>	
-20100 °C; 0250 °C; (20) 150900 °C <sup>1</sup> ; Option: 2001500 °C		2001500 °C	
	150900 °C		
-		0250 °C	
8 - 1	4 µm	7.9 µm	
UFPA,			
382 x 288 pixel @ 80 Hz (switchable to 27 Hz)			
18° x 14° (F-number=1,1), 29° x 22° (F-number=0,9), 53° x 38° (F-number=0,9); 80° x 54° (F-number=0,9)			
±2°C or ±2 %			
± 0,0			
75 mK <sup>5)</sup> with 29°, 53° and 80°;	40 mK <sup>5)</sup> with 29°, 53° and 80°;	150 mK (T $_{\rm obj}$ = 650 °C) with 29°, 53°, 80°	
0.1 K <sup>5</sup> ) with 18° 60 mK <sup>5</sup> ) with 18°		175 mK (T <sub>obj</sub> = 650 °C) with 18°	
10 min			
0.1001.100			
PIX Connect / IRmobile			
	-20100 °C; 0250 °C; (20) 150 8 - 1 18° x 14° (F-number=1,1), 29° ± 0,0	$\begin{array}{c} -20100\ ^{\circ}\text{C};\ 0250\ ^{\circ}\text{C};\ (20)\ 150900\ ^{\circ}\text{C}^{1}\!;\ \text{Option:}\ 2001500\ ^{\circ}\text{C}\\ &-\\ &-\\ &-\\ &-\\ &-\\ &-\\ &-\\ &-\\ &-\\ &-$	

<sup>1)</sup> Accuracy statement effective from 150 °C

<sup>2)</sup> The sighting range is used to align the G7 cameras; at  $\varepsilon$ <1 and activation of the extended temperature range a temperature measurement up to 1500 °C is possible

<sup>3)</sup> At ambient temperature  $23\pm 5$  °C; whichever is greater

<sup>4)</sup> For  $T_{Amb}$  10...50 °C and  $T_{Obj} \le 500$  °C; otherwise: ± 0.1 K/K or 0.1%/K (whichever is greater)

 $^{\rm 5)}$  Value is valid at 40 Hz and 25 °C room temperature

Find Quality Products Online at:

	<u>PI 640</u>	<u>PI 640 G7</u>								
Temperature ranges	-20100 °C; 0250 °C; (20) 150900 °C <sup>1)</sup>	2001500 °C								
	Option: 2001500 °C	150900 °C								
Sighting range / low energy range <sup>2</sup> )	-	0250 °C								
Spectral range	8 - 14 µm	7,9 μm								
Detector	UFPA,									
	640 x 480 Pixel @ 32 Hz									
	640 x 120 Pixel @ 125Hz									
Lenses (FOV)	15° x 11° (F-number=1); 33° x 25° (F-number=0,8); 60° x 45° (F-number=0,8); 90° x 64° (F-number=0,8)									
Microscope lens (FOV)	12° x 9° (F=1,1)	-								
System accuracy 3)	±2°C c	or ±2 %								
Temperature coefficient 4)	± 0,05 %/K									
Thermal sensitivity (NETD):	75 mK with 33°, 60° and 90°	130 mK (T <sub>obj</sub> = 650 °C) with 33°, 60°, 90°								
	85 mK with 15°	150 mK (T <sub>obj</sub> = 650 °C) with 15°								
Warm-up time	10	min								
Emissivity	0.100.	1.100								
Software / App	PIX Connec	ct / IRmobile								

<sup>1)</sup> Accuracy statement effective from 150 °C

<sup>2)</sup> The sighting range is used to align the G7 cameras; at  $\varepsilon$ <1 and activation of the extended temperature range a temperature measurement up to 1500 °C is possible

<sup>3)</sup> At ambient temperature 23±5 °C; whichever is greater

<sup>4)</sup> For  $T_{Amb}$  10...50 °C and  $T_{Obj} \le 500$  °C; otherwise: ± 0.1 K/K or 0.1%/K (whichever is greater)

17

18

+optris

	<u>PI 05M</u>	<u>PI 08M</u>	<u>PI 1M</u>				
Temperature ranges	900 2450 °C (27 Hz mode) 950 2450 °C (80 Hz and 32 Hz mode) 1100 2450 °C (1 kHz mode)	5751900 °C (27 Hz mode) 625 1900 °C (80 Hz- and 32 Hz-mode) 750 1900 °C (1 kHz mode)	450 <sup>1)</sup> 1800 °C (27 Hz mode) 500 <sup>1)</sup> 1800 °C (80 Hz and 32 Hz mode) 600 <sup>1)</sup> 1800 °C (1 kHz mode)				
Spectral range	500 - 540 nm	780 – 820 nm	0,85 - 1,1 μm				
Detector		CMOS, 764 x 480 pixel @ 32 Hz 382 x 288 pixel @ 80 Hz/ (switchable to 27 Hz I ms real-time analog output (0-10 V) from 8x8 nning-mode, 1 ms real-time analog output (0-1	pixel (freely selectable))				
Lenses (FOV) 2)	FOV@764x480 px: 26°x 16° (F- number=1,4) FOV@382x288 px: 13°x 10°	FOV@764x480 px: 26°x 16° (F- number=1,4), 39°x 25° (F-number=1,4) FOV@382x288 px: 13°x 10°, 20°x 15°	FOV@764x480 px: 9°x 5° (F-number=2,8), 13°x 8° (F-number=2,4), 26°x16° (F- number=1,4), 39°x 25° (F-number=1,4) FOV@382x288 px: 4°x 3°, 7°x 5°, 13°x 10°, 20°x 15°				
System accuracy 3)	For object temperature < 2000 °C: ±1 % of reading for 27/32/80 Hz ±1,5 % of reading for 1 kHz	For object temperature < 1500 °C: ±1 % of reading for 27/32/80 Hz ±1,5 % of reading for 1 kHz	For object temperature < 1400 °C: ±1 % of reading for 27/32/80 Hz ±1,5 % of reading for 1 kHz				
	For object temperature > 2000 °C: ±2 % of reading for 27/32/80 Hz ±2,5 % of reading for 1 kHz	For object temperature > 1500 °C: ±2 % of reading for 27/32/80 Hz ±2,5 % of reading for 1 kHz	For object temperature < 1600 °C: ±2 % of reading for 27/32/80 Hz ±2,5 % of reading for 1 kHz				
Thermal sensitivity (NETD) <sup>4)</sup> :	< 2 K (< 1400 °C) < 4 K (< 2100 °C)	< 2 K (< 1000 °C) < 4 K (< 1600 °C)	< 2 K (< 900 °C) < 4 K (< 1400 °C)				
Warm-up time		10 min					

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

Technical Data	19
Emissivity	0.1001.100
Software / App	PIX Connect / IRmobile

<sup>1)</sup> +75 °C start temperature for optics with focal length f= 50 mm, f= 75 mm

<sup>2)</sup> An additionally purchased lens for the PI 05M/ 08M/ 1M camera comes with the corresponding protective tube

<sup>3)</sup> At an ambient temperature of 25 ° C

<sup>4)</sup> Specified NETD value applies to all frequencies

20

## 2.4 Optical specifications



Make sure that the focus of thermal channel is adjusted correctly. If necessary, focus the thermal imaging camera with the optics (**Figure 2**). The turning out of the optics leads to the focus setting "near" and the turning in of the lens to the focus setting "infinity".



**Figure 2:** Focusing by turning the exterior lens ring of camera



Figure 3: PI 05M/ PI 08M / PI 1M

 $(\mathbf{i})$ 

For the PI 05M, PI 08M and PI 1M camera, you must first unscrew the protective tube in order to be able to focus the camera (**Figure 3**).

Find Quality Products Online at:

The variety of different lenses offers the possibility to precisely measure objects in different distances. We offer lenses for close, standard distances and large distances. Different parameters are important if using infrared cameras. They display the connection between the distance of the measured object and the size of the pixel (**Table 2**).

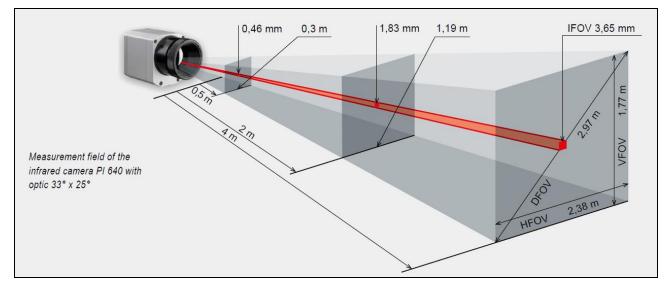


Figure 4: Measurement field of the infrared camera optris® PI 640 representing the 33° x 25° lens

21

# Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

- **HFOV**: Horizontal enlargement of the total measuring at object level
- VFOV: Vertical enlargement of the total measuring at object level
- **IFOV**: Size at the single pixel at object level
- **DFOV**: Diagonal dimension of the total measuring field at object level
- MFOV: Recommended, smallest measured object size of 3 x 3 pixel

#### Geometric resolution for ideal temperature measurement

When designing optics for measuring IR cameras, special attention must be paid to the quality of detail contrast with which an object can be represented in the image. This is described by the modulation transfer function (MTF). Since in contrast to visual cameras, with IR cameras the thermal contrast is of more interest, this is used together with the slit response function (SRF). The result is determined by the number of pixels an object needs to fill to allow its temperature be to be measured exactly. In high-performance infrared optical systems as used by Optris, this is **3×3 pixels**, with lower quality optical systems, in some circumstances as many as 10×10 pixels may be required, to receive **90**% of the energy. A high-performance camera lens also allows a larger measuring distance with the same number of pixels of the detector, or the

**Find Quality Products Online at:** 

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

precise temperature measurement of smaller structures and objects. The **3×3 pixel** geometry is described as **MFOV** (measurement field of view) - one single pixel on the object surface is described as **IFOV** (instantaneous field of view). The MFOV is comparable with the measuring spot definition with infrared thermometers.

The following tables with examples showing what spot sizes and pixel sizes will be reached in which distance. For individual configuration there are different lenses available. Wide angle lenses have a radial distortion due to their large opening angle; the software PIX Connect has an algorithm which corrects this distortion. As an alternative to the tables below, the <u>optics calculator</u> can also be used on the optris website or via the <u>optris calculator app</u>. The app can be downloaded for free from the Google Play Store (see QR code).









**Find Quality Products Online at:** 

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

24

+optris

Table 2:																	
PI 400i / 450i	igth	ment		Distance to measurement object [m]													
PI 450i G7 382 x 288 px	Focal length [mm]	Min imum measurement distance"	Angle		0.02	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	1	2	4	6	10	30	100	
O29 Standard lens	13	0.35 m	29° 22° 37° 1.3 mrad	HFOV [m] VFOV [m] DFOV [m] IFOV [mm]		0.057 0.042 0.071 0.1	0.111 0.081 0.137 0.3	0.16 0.12 0.20 0.4	0.27 0.20 0.34 0.7	0.53 0.40 0.67 1.3	1.06 0.80 1.32 2.7	2.1 1.6 2.6 5.4	3.2 2.4 4.0 8.0	5.3 4.0 6.6 13.4	15.7 11.9 19.7 40.2	52.5 39.6 65.7 133.9	
O13 Telephoto lens	20	0.45 m	18° 14° 23° 0.9 mrad	HFOV [m] VFOV [m] DFOV [m] IFOV [mm]			0.066 0.050 0.083 0.2	0.099 0.075 0.124 0.3	0.16 0.12 0.20 0.4	0.33 0.25 0.41 0.9	0.65 0.49 0.82 1.7	1.3 1.0 1.6 3.5	1.9 1.5 2.4 5.2	3.2 2.5 4.1 8.6	9.7 7.4 12.2 25.9	32.4 24.6 40.7 86.3	
O53 Wide angle lens	8	0.25 m	53° 38° 66° 2.2 mrad	HFOV [m] VFOV [m] DFOV [m] IFOV [mm]		0.103 0.073 0.127 0.2	0.20 0.14 0.25 0.4	0.30 0.21 0.37 0.7	0.50 0.35 0.61 1.1	1.0 0.70 1.22 2.2	2.0 1.4 2.4 4.4	4.0 2.8 4.8 8.8	5.9 4.1 7.2 13.2	9.9 6.9 12.0 21.9	29.6 20.7 36.1 65.8	98.6 68.9 120.3 219.4	
O80 Super wide angle lens	6	0.2 m	80° 54° 96° 3.0 mrad	HFOV [m] VFOV [m] DFOV [m] IFOV [mm]	0.087 0.056 0.103 0.2	0.17 0.11 0.20 0.3	0.33 0.21 0.39 0.6	0.49 0.31 0.58 0.9	0.82 0.51 0.97 1.5	1.7 1.0 2.0 3.0	3.3 2.0 3.9 6.0	6.7 4.1 7.8 12.0	10.0 6.1 11.7 18.1	16.6 10.2 19.5 30.1	49.9 30.6 58.5 90.3	166.4 101.9 195.1 300.9	

\* Note: The accuracy of measurement can be outside of the specifications for distances below the defined minimum distance.

Find Quality Products Online at:

PI 640	length		nent		Distance to measurement object [m]										
PI 640 G 7 640 x 480 px	Focal len [mm]	Angle	Minimum measurement distance*		0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	1	2	4	6	10	30	100
O33 Standard lens	18.7	33° 25° 41°	0.2 m	HFOV [m] VFOV [m] DFOV [m]	0.068 0.051 0.085	0.13 0.09 0.16	0.19 0.14 0.23	0.31 0.23 0.38	0.60 0.45 0.75	1.20 0.89 1.49	2.38 1.77 2.97	3.57 2.65 4.45	5.9 4.4 7.4	17.8 13.2 22.2	59.3 44.2 74.0
O15	41.5	0.91 mrad 15°	0.5 m	IFOV [mm] HFOV [m]	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5 0.13	0.9 0.26	1.8 0.52	3.6 1.05	5.5 1.57	9.1 2.6	27.3 7.8	90.9 26.1
Tele lens	11.0	11° 19° 0,41 mrad	0,0 11	VFOV [m] DFOV [m] IFOV [mm]				0.10 0.10 0.17 0.2	0.20 0.33 0.4	0.39 0.66 0.8	0.79 1.31 1.6	1.18 1.96 2.5	2.0 2.0 3.3 4.1	5.9 9.8 12.3	19.6 32.7 41.0
O60 Wide angle lens	10.5	60° 45° 75° 1.62 mrad	0.2 m	HFOV [m] VFOV [m] DFOV [m] IFOV [mm]	0.128 0.091 0.157 0.2	0.25 0.18 0.30 0.3	0.36 0.26 0.44 0.5	0.59 0.42 0.72 0.8	1.17 0.83 1.43 1.6	2.32 1.66 2.85 3.2	4.63 3.31 5.69 6.5	6.94 4.96 8.52 9.7	11.6 8.3 14.2 16.2	34.6 24.7 42.6 48.6	115.4 82.4 141.8 161.9
O90 Super wide angle lens	7.7	90° 64° 111° 2.21 mrad	0.2 m	HFOV [m] VFOV [m] DFOV [m] IFOV [mm]	0.220 0.138 0.260 0.2	0.43 0.27 0.50 0.4	0.63 0.39 0.73 0.7	1.03 0.64 1.21 1.1	2.03 1.27 2.39 2.2	4.04 2.53 4.76 4.4	8.06 5.05 9.50 8.8	12.07 7.57 14.24 13.2	20.1 12.6 23.7 22.1	60.3 37.8 71.1 66.2	200.8 125.9 237.0 220.8

\* Note: The accuracy of measurement can be outside of the specifications for distances below the defined minimum distance.

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

26

+optris

Microscope optics	ŧ	ent		Distance to measurement object [m]						
<b>PI 640</b> 640 x 480 px	Focal length [mm]	Minimum measurement distance*	Angle		0.08	0.09	0.1			
F44 Microscope lens	44.2	0.08 m	12°	HFOV [m]	0.018	0.021	0.023			
Microscope lens			9°	VFOV [m]	0.014	0.016	0.017			
			15°	DFOV [m]	0.023	0.026	0.029			
			0.36 mrad	IFOV [mm]	0.028	0.032	0.036			

\* Note: The accuracy of measurement can be outside of the specifications for distances below the defined minimum distance.

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

PI 1M / PI 08M / PI 05M <sup>1)</sup> 764 x 480 px	gth	nent	nent				Ľ	)istanc	e to me	asuren	nent ob	ject [m	1			
	Minimum measurement distance*	Angle		0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	1	2	4	6	10	30	100		
OF16	16	0.2 m	39°	HFOV [m]		0.14	0.21	0.36	0.72	1.43	2.87	4.30	7.2	21.5	71.6	
		25°	VFOV [m]		0.09	0.14	0.23	0.45	0.90	1.80	2.70	4.5	13.5	45.0		
			46°	DFOV [m]		0.17	0.25	0.42	0.85	1.69	3.38	5.08	8.5	25.4	84.6	
			0.94 mrad	IFOV [mm]		0.2	0.3	0.5	0.9	1.9	3.8	5.6	9.4	28.1	93.8	
OF25	DF25 25 0.5 m	0.5 m	26°	HFOV [m]	0.046	0.09	0.14	0.23	0.46	0.92	1.83	2.75	4.6	13.8	45.8	
			16°	VFOV [m]	0.029	0.06	0.09	0.14	0.29	0.58	1.15	1.73	2.9	8.6	28.8	
			30°	DFOV [m]	0.054	0.11	0.16	0.27	0.54	1.08	2.17	3.25	5.4	16.2	54.1	
			0.60 mrad	IFOV [mm]	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.6	1.2	2.4	3.6	6.0	18.0	60.0	
OF50	50	1.5 m	13°	HFOV [m]				0.11	0.23	0.46	0.92	1.38	2.3	6.9	22.9	
			8°	VFOV [m]				0.07	0.14	0.29	0.58	0.86	1.4	4.3	14.4	
			15°	DFOV [m]				0.14	0.27	0.54	1.08	1.62	2.7	8.1	27.1	
			0.30 mrad	IFOV [mm]				0.2	0.3	0.6	1.2	1.8	3.0	9.0	30.0	
OF75	75	2.0 m	9°	HFOV [m]					0.15	0.31	0.61	0.92	1.5	4.6	15.3	
			5°	VFOV [m]					0.10	0.19	0.38	0.58	1.0	2.9	9.6	
			10°	DFOV [m]					0.18	0.36	0.72	1.08	1.8	5.4	18.0	
			0.20 mrad	IFOV [mm]					0.2	0.4	0.8	1.2	2.0	6.0	20.0	

\* Note: The accuracy of measurement can be outside of the specifications for distances below the defined minimum distance.

<sup>1)</sup> PI 05M is only available with OF25 optics and PI 08M is only available with OF16 and OF25 optics

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

28

+optris

PI 1M / PI 08M / BI 05M <sup>1</sup> ) 382 x 288 px	gth	nent		Distance to measurement object [m]												
	Focal len [mm]	Minimum measurement distance*	Angle		0.1	0.2	0.3	0.5	1	2	4	6	10	30	100	
OF16	16	0.2 m	20°	HFOV [m]		0.07	0.11	0.18	0.36	0.72	1.43	2.15	3.6	10.7	35.8	
		15°	VFOV [m]		0.05	0.08	0.14	0.27	0.54	1.08	1.62	2.7	8.1	27.0		
		25°	DFOV [m]		0.09	0.13	0.22	0.45	0.90	1.79	2.69	4.5	13.5	44.9		
		0.94 mrad	IFOV [mm]		0.2	0.3	0.5	0.9	1.9	3.8	5.6	9.4	28.1	93.8		
OF25	F25 25 0.5 m	0.5 m	13°	HFOV [m]	0.023	0.05	0.07	0.11	0.23	0.46	0.92	1.38	2.3	6.9	22.9	
		10°	VFOV [m]	0.017	0.03	0.05	0.09	0.17	0.35	0.69	1.04	1.7	5.2	17.3		
			16°	DFOV [m]	0.029	0.06	0.09	0.14	0.29	0.57	1.15	1.72	2.9	8.6	28.7	
			0.60 mrad	IFOV [mm]	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.6	1.2	2.4	3.6	6.0	18.0	60.0	
OF50	50	1.5 m	7°	HFOV [m]				0.06	0.11	0.23	0.46	0.69	1.1	3.4	11.5	
			5°	VFOV [m]				0.04	0.09	0.17	0.35	0.52	0.9	2.6	8.6	
			8°	DFOV [m]				0.07	0.14	0.29	0.57	0.86	1.4	4.3	14.4	
			0.30 mrad	IFOV [mm]				0.2	0.3	0.6	1.2	1.8	3.0	9.0	30.0	
OF75	75	2.0 m	4°	HFOV [m]					0.08	0.15	0.31	0.46	0.8	2.3	7.6	
			3°	VFOV [m]					0.06	0.12	0.23	0.35	0.6	1.7	5.8	
			5°	DFOV [m]					0.10	0.19	0.38	0.57	1.0	2.9	9.6	
			0.20 mrad	IFOV [mm]					0.2	0.4	0.8	1.2	2.0	6.0	20.0	

\* Note: The accuracy of measurement can be outside of the specifications for distances below the defined minimum distance.

<sup>1)</sup> PI 05M is only available with OF25 optics and PI 08M is only available with OF16 and OF25 optics

Find Quality Products Online at:

Mechanical Installation

# 3 Mechanical Installation

### 3.1 Dimensions

The PI is equipped with two metric M4 thread holes on the bottom side (6 mm depth) and can be installed either directly via these threads or with help of the tripod mount (also on bottom side).



The tightening torque of the M4 screws for mounting the PI camera should be between 1 ... 1.5 Nm and must not exceed 2 Nm.

29

+optris

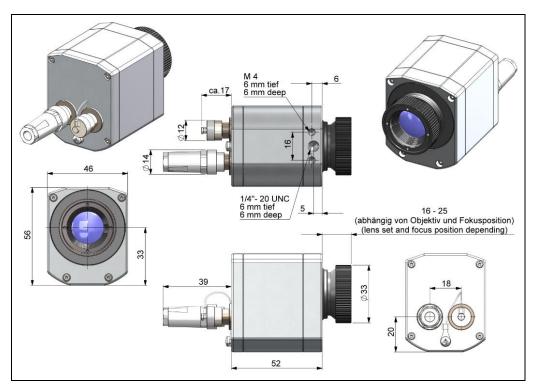


Figure 5: PI 400i/ PI 450i/ PI 450i G7, dimensions [mm]

Find Quality Products Online at:

30

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

#### Mechanical Installation

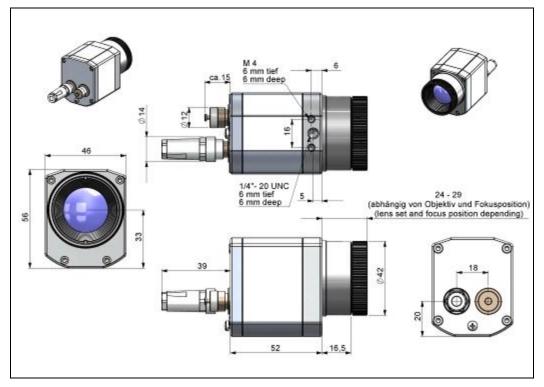


Figure 6: PI 640/ PI 640 G7, optics 29°/33° & 53°/60°, dimensions [mm]

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

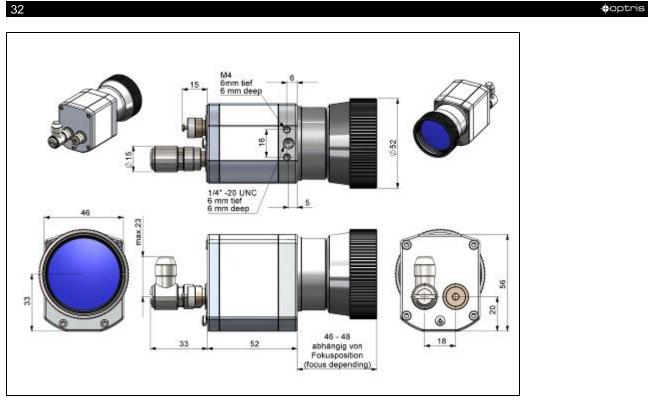


Figure 7: PI 640/ PI 640 G7, optics 13°/15°, dimensions [mm]

Find Quality Products Online at:

#### Mechanical Installation

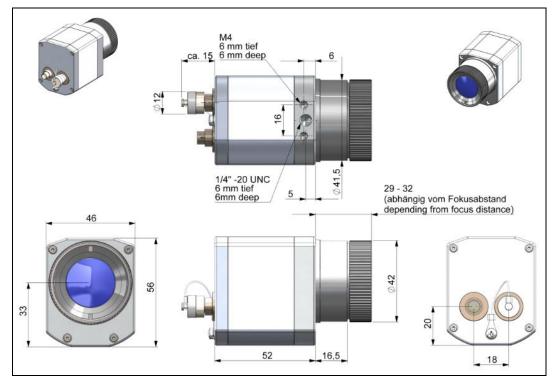


Figure 8: PI 640/ PI 640 G7, optics 80°/90°, dimensions [mm]

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

sales@GlobalTestSupply.com

33



+optris

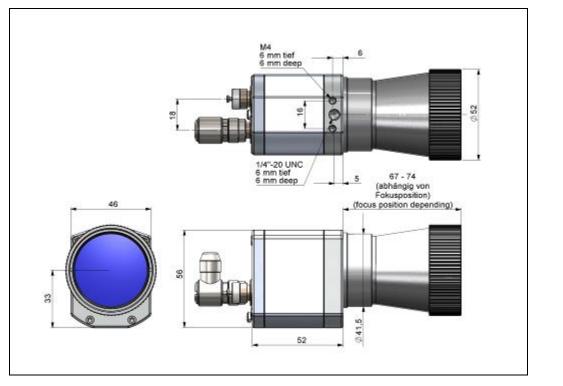


Figure 9: PI 640, microscope optics 10°/12°, dimensions [mm]

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

#### Mechanical Installation

35

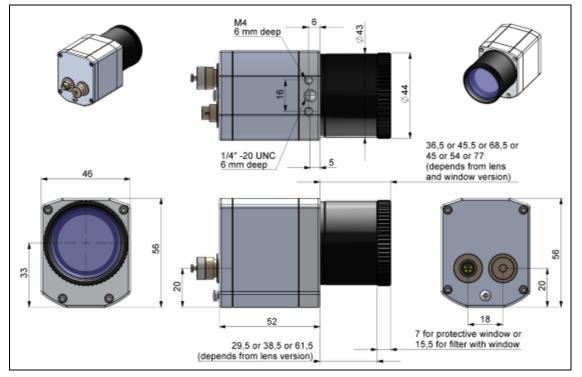


Figure 10: PI 05M/ PI 08M/ PI 1M, dimensions [mm]

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

+optris

### 3.2 Changing the lens

36

The PI camera is offered with several different lenses<sup>1)</sup> (lenses depending on the camera variant). To change a lens, rotate it as shown below. For the PI 05M, PI 08M and PI 1M, the protective tube must first be turned off (see **Figure 3**).



Figure 11: Change lens for PI 160/ 2xx/ 4xxi/ 640



Figure 12: Change lens for PI 05M/



Figure 13: Inserting the lens

To get the best possible measurements when inserting the lens into the camera body, make sure that the label on the lens is screwed in at the same height as the label from the housing (see **Figure 13**).

<sup>1)</sup> An additionally purchased lens for the PI 05M/ 08M/ 1M camera comes with the corresponding protective tube

08M/1M

Find Quality Products Online at:

#### Mechanical Installation

## 3.3 Fixing the focus of the lens (only for PI 05M/ 08M/ 1M)

With the PI 05M, PI 08M and PI 1M, it is possible to fix the focus of the lens. To do this, unscrew the protective tube of the camera (see **Figure 3**). There are three small holes on the lens. Take the three screws that are included and attach them to the three holes. The focus of the lens is now fixed. Alternatively, the two knurled screws supplied can also be used.



Figure 14: Lens for PI 05M/ 08M/ 1M



Figure 15: Fixing the focus for PI 05M/ 08M/ 1M

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

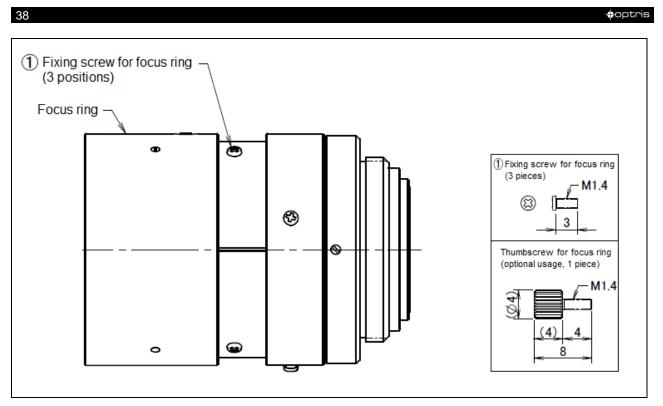


Figure 16: Focusing screws for focus ring

Find Quality Products Online at:

### Mechanical Installation

# 3.4 Mounting accessories (optional)

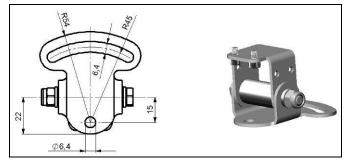


Figure 17: Mounting base, stainless steel, adjustable in 2 axes [Part No.: ACPIMB]

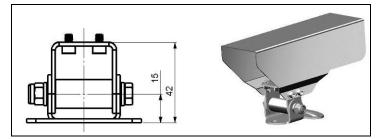


Figure 18: Protective housing, stainless steel, Incl. Mounting base [Part No.: ACPIPH]

39

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

## 3.5 High temperature accessories

### 3.5.1 CoolingJacket Advanced

• The CoolingJacket Advanced is available as Standard Version and Extended Version.



40

- The IR camera can be used at ambient temperature up to 50 °C (up to 70 °C with PI 450i/ PI 450i G7). For higher temperatures (up to 315 °C) the CoolingJacket Advanced is provided.
- For detailed information see installation manual.

### Mechanical Installation

## **Standard Version**

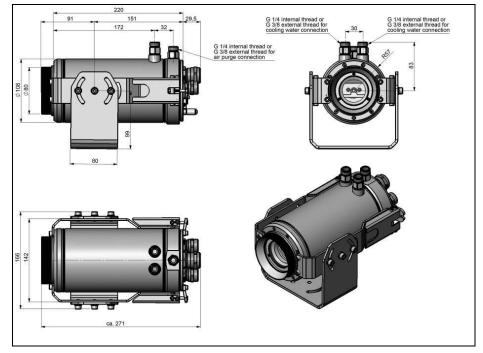


Figure 19: CoolingJacket Advanced [Part No.: ACPIxxxCJAS], Standard Version - Dimensions

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

#### +optris

### **Extended Version**



The Extended Version is provided for applications of the PI series with the PI Netbox and industrial PIF or the USB Server Gigabit and industrial PIF. Both PI Netbox and industrial PIF or USB Server Gigabit and industrial PIF can be integrated in the CoolingJacket.



**Figure 20:** Cooling Jacket Advanced (Extended Version) with PI Netbox and industrial PIF



**Figure 21:**Cooling Jacket Advanced (Extended Version) with USB-Server and industrial PIF

#### Mechanical Installation

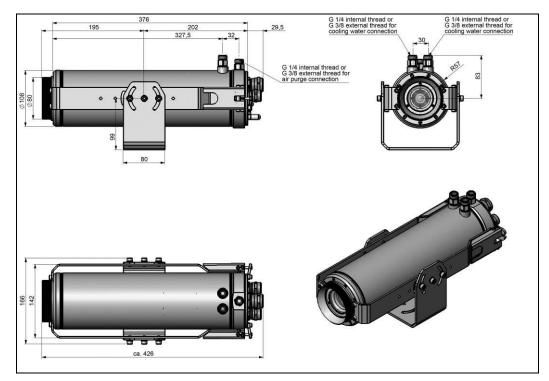


Figure 22: CoolingJacket Advanced [Part No.: ACPIxxxCJAE], Extended Version - Dimensions

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

# sales@GlobalTestSupply.com

43

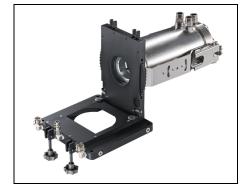
44

### 3.5.2 Laminar air purge for CoolingJacket

Laminar air purge for front mounting of the CoolingJacket Advanced (Standard and Extended). Two different versions are available: One for standard IR camera applications [**Part-No.: ACCJAAPLS**] and the other for line scanning applications [**Part-No.: ACCJAAPLL**].

Those two versions are fitting to all focusing units with production date  $\ge 01/2018$ . A protective window (67 x 3 mm) has to be ordered separately. If you like to mount the air purge on an older CJ, the focusing unit should be exchanged to the current version.





Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

### Mechanical Installation

### 3.5.3 Outdoor protective housing

- The infrared camera PI and the USB server can also be used for outdoor applications by using the outdoor protective housing.
- The outdoor protective housing can be used for any PI camera (lenses up to 90° FOV)
- In addition, the industrial PIF can be installed as an accessory without housing
- Also available for CSlaser LT or CTlaser LT
- For detailed information see installation manual.



Figure 23: Outdoor protective housing for PI camera, USB server and industrial PIF

45

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

46

+optris

# **4** Electrical Installation

At the back side of the PI there are the two connector plugs. The left plug is for the USB cable. The right connector plug is only used for the process interface.

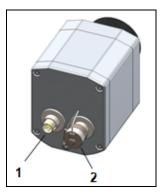


Figure 24: Backside of the camera with connectors

- 1 Plug for USB cable
- 2 Plug for PIF cable

Find Quality Products Online at:

### **Electrical Installation**

## 4.1 Process interface

 $(\mathbf{i})$ 

The process interface (electronics within cable as well as industrial interface) must be powered separately (5-24 VDC). Before switching on the power the PIF cable must be connected to the camera.

The PI is equipped with a process interface (cable with integrated electronics and terminal block), which can be programmed via the software as an Analog Input (AI) and Digital Input (DI) in order to control the camera or as an Analog Output (AO) in order to control the process. The signal level is always 0-10 V (DI = 24 V).



The process interface can be activated choosing the following options:

Analog Input (AI):	Emissivity, ambient temperature, reference temperature, uncommitted value, flag control, triggered recording, triggered snapshots, triggered linescanner, triggered event grabber, reset peak-/value-hold, switch temperature range
Analog Output (AO):	Main measure area, measure area, internal temperature, flag status, recording status, line scan status, alarm, frame sync, fail-safe, external communication
Digital Input (DI):	Flag control, triggered snapshots, triggered recording, triggered linescanner, triggered event grabber, reset peak-/value-hold, switch temperature range

Find Quality Products Online at:

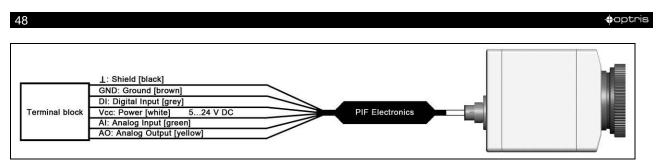


Figure 25: Configuration Standard Process Interface (PIF)

The standard process interface provides the following inputs and outputs:

<u>Name</u>	<b>Description</b>	<u>max range<sup>1)</sup>/ status</u>
AI	Analog input	0-10 V <sup>2)</sup>
DI	Digital input (active-low = 00,6 V)	24 V
AO	Analog output Alarm output	0-10 V 0/ 10 V

<sup>1)</sup> Depending on supply voltage; for 0-10 V on the AO the PIF has to be powered with min. 12 V.
 <sup>2)</sup> The AI is designed for max. 24 V, the voltage level above 10 V is not interpreted

**Find Quality Products Online at:** 

### **Electrical Installation**

### 4.1.1 PIN allocation

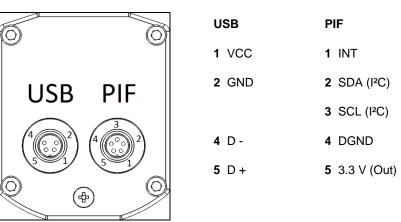


Figure 26: Rear side of the camera

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

sales@GlobalTestSupply.com

49

50

+optris

If the process interface of the camera is directly connected to external hardware<sup>1)</sup> (without using the supplied PIF cable) an activation of the field "Support proprietary PIF cable" in the menu Tools/ Configuration/ Device (PIF) in the PIX Connect software is necessary.

Support proprietary PIF cable

Figure 27: Support proprietary PIF cable



Consider that the input of the PIF is not protected if there is a direct PIF connection! A voltage > 3 V on the INT pin will destroy the device!

<sup>1)</sup> We recommend using only a switching contact between INT and DGND as external hardware (button, relay).

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

### **Electrical Installation**

### 4.1.2 Industrial Process Interface (optional)

For use in industrial environment the industrial process interface with 500 V AC<sub>RMS</sub> isolation voltage between PI and process is available (connection box with IP65, 5 m, 10 m or 20 m standard or high temperature cable for camera connection, terminal for process integration). [► Appendix F – Wiring diagrams PIF]

Interrupt

SCL (I<sup>2</sup>C)

SDA (I<sup>2</sup>C)

3.3 V

GND

GND

### Pin assignment PIF cable (industrial process interface)

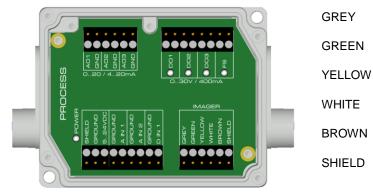


Figure 28: Connections of the industrial Process Interface

**Find Quality Products Online at:** 

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

The industrial process interface provides the following inputs and outputs:

<u>Name</u>	Description	max range <sup>1)</sup> / status
A IN 1/2	Analog input 1 and 2	0-10 V <sup>2)</sup>
D IN 1	Digital input (active-low = 00,6 V)	24 V
AO1/2/3	Analog output 1, 2 and 3 Alarm output 1, 2 and 3	0/4-20 mA
DO1 / 2/ 3	Relay output 1, 2 and 3 3)	open/ closed (red LED on) / 030 V, 400 mA
FS	Fail-safe relay	open/ closed (green LED on)/ 030 V, 400 mA

<sup>1)</sup> depending on supply voltage; for 0-20 mA on the AO the PIF has to be powered with min. 5V < (1.5 + working resistance \* 0.021) < 24 V; Example:  $R_{Load} = 500 \text{ ohm} \rightarrow U_{min} = 1.5 + 500 * 0.021 = 12 \text{ V}$ ,  $R_{Load} = 100 \text{ ohm} \rightarrow U_{min} = 1.5 + 100 * 0.021 = 3.6 \text{ V} \rightarrow min. 5 \text{ V}^{2)}$  the AI is designed for max. 24 V, the voltage level above 10 V is not interpreted

<sup>3)</sup> active if AO1, 2 or 3 is/ are programmed as alarm output



The alarm output can be configured as a threshold between 0-4 mA for no alarm and between 10-20 mA as alarm. For values outside the respective range, the relay does not switch on the DO.

Find Quality Products Online at:

### **Electrical Installation**

The process interface has an integrated **fail-safe mode**. This allows to control conditions like interruption of cables, shut-down of the software etc. and to give out these conditions as an alarm. The time constant of the fail-safe is 1.5 seconds.

Controlled conditions on camera and software	Standard Process interface ACPIPIF	Industrial Process interface ACPIPIFMACBxx
Interruption USB cable to camera	✓	✓
Interruption data cable camera - PIF	$\checkmark$	√
Interruption power supply PIF	$\checkmark$	✓
Shut-down of PIX Connect software	$\checkmark$	✓
Crash of PIX Connect software	-	$\checkmark$
Fail-Safe-Output	0 V at analog output (AO)	open contact (fail-safe relay)/ green LED off

53

+optris

#### Example for a Fail-Safe monitoring of the PI with a PLC 4.2

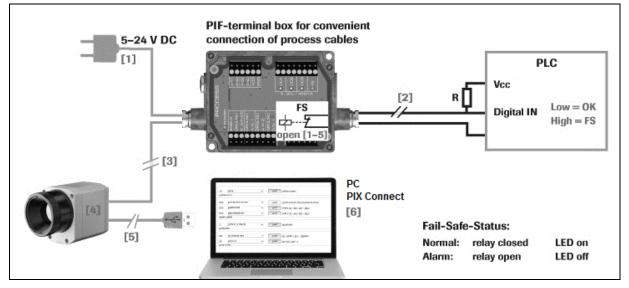


Figure 29: Fail-Safe monitoring states

### Fail-Safe monitoring states

54

- [1] Breakdown of PIF power supply
- [2] Cable break of fail-safe cable នៅ
  - Interruption of cable PI-PIF
- [4] Malfunction of PI
- Breakdown of PI power supply/ Interruption of USB cable [5]
- Malfunction of PIX Connect software [6]

Find Quality Products Online at:

### **Electrical Installation**

55

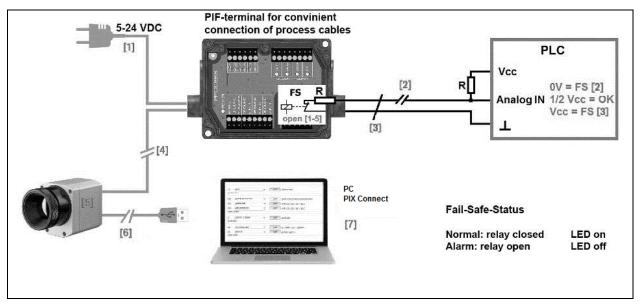


Figure 30: Fail-Safe monitoring states

### Fail-Safe monitoring states

- Breakdown of PIF power supply [1]
- Cable break of fail-safe cable [2]
- [3] [4] Short circuit of fail-safe cable
- Interruption of cable PI-PIF
- Malfunction of PI

[5]

- Breakdown of PI power supply/ Interruption of USB cable [6]
- [7] Malfunction of PIX Connect software

**Find Quality Products Online at:** 

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

optris

## 4.3 USB cable extension

56

The maximum USB cable length is 20 m. For greater distances between PI and computer or for stand-alone solutions the optional PI NetBox or the USB Server Gigabit is provided:

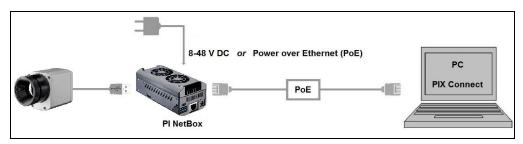


Figure 31: Ethernet direct communication with PI Netbox

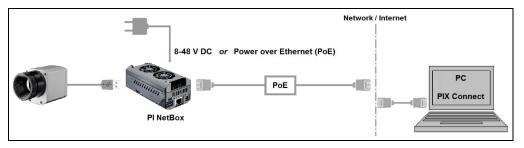


Figure 32: Ethernet network communication with PI Netbox

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

### **Electrical Installation**

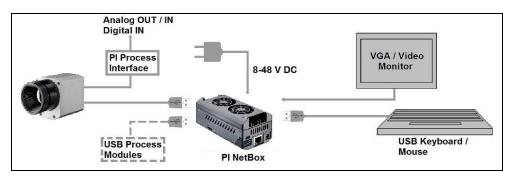


Figure 33: Stand-Alone operation with PI Netbox

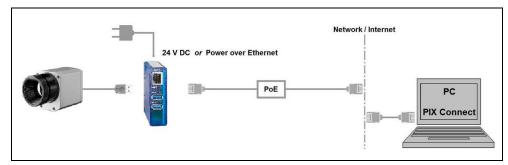


Figure 34: USB Server Gigabit

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

+optris

# 5 IRmobile App

58

The PI imagers have a direct connection to an Android smartphone or tablet. All you have to do is download the <u>IRmobile app</u> for free in the Google Play Store. This can also be done via the QR code. An IRmobile app connector is recommended for connection to the device (**Part-No.: ACPIIACM** (micro USB) or **ACPIIACC** (USB-C)).





With IRmobile you can monitor and analyze your infrared temperature measurement directly on a connected smartphone or tablet. All you need is an Optris infrared camera. This app runs on most Android (5 or higher) devices with a micro USB port or USB-C port that supports USB OTG (On The Go). The app is easy to use: After you have connected your camera to the micro USB port or USB-C port of your smartphone or tablet,

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

the app launches automatically. The calibration files are automatically downloaded from the internet. The device is powered by your smartphone. A hotspot indicates the hottest pixel in the image and a coldspot the coldest pixel in the image.

### **IRmobile app features:**

- Live infrared image with automatic hot-/ and coldspot search
- Changing the color palette, scaling and temperature range
- > Change of temperature unit: Celsius or Fahrenheit
- Setting of temperature range scaling (Manual, Min/Max, 3 sigma)
- Creating a snapshot
- Integrated simulator

### IRmobile supported for:

- Optris IR cameras: PI and Xi series
- Optris pyrometers: Compact series, high performance series and video thermometers
- For Android 5 (or higher) devices with a micro USB port or USB C port that supports USB OTG (On The Go)



www.GlobalTestSupply.com

## 6 Software PIX Connect

### Minimum system requirements:

- Windows 7, Windows 8, Windows 10
- USB interface
- Hard disc with at least 30 MByte of free space
- At least 128 MByte RAM



(i

60

A detailed description is provided in the software manual on the USB stick. See also Help menu in the PIX Connect software ( $\texttt{Help} \rightarrow \texttt{Documentation}$ ).



Alternatively, the software can also be downloaded via the Optris website under the following link: <u>https://www.optris.global/pix</u>

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

### Software PIX Connect

ľ

## 6.1 Installation and initial start-up

All drivers are booted via Windows OS automatically. A driver installation is not necessary.

- By default the program starts automatically in the installed language.
- 1. Insert the included USB stick into the according port on your computer.
- 2. Please start Setup.exe. Follow the instructions of the wizard until the installation is finished.

The installation wizard places a launch icon on the desktop and in the start menu: Start\Programs\Optris GmbH\PIX Connect

- 3. To connect the camera to the PC, plug the USB cable to the camera first. Afterwards connect it with the PC (to disconnect the camera and the computer remove the USB cable from the computer first and then disconnect it from the camera).
- 4. Start the software.

At the initial start the software asks for the calibrations files which are available via internet or on the USB stick.

5. Install the calibration files at first start of the software.

61

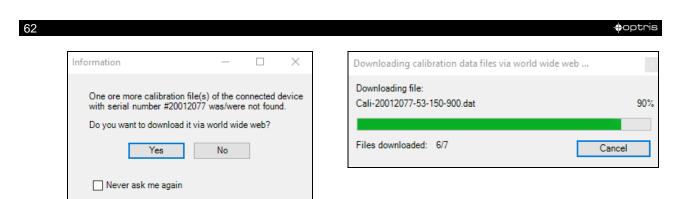


Figure 35: Calibration data transfer

After the calibration files have been installed the live image from the camera is shown inside a window on your PC screen.

- 6. Choose the desired language in the menu **Tools**  $\rightarrow$  **Language**.
- 7. Adjust the focus of the image by turning the exterior lens ring at the camera.

Find Quality Products Online at:

### Software PIX Connect

## 6.2 Software window

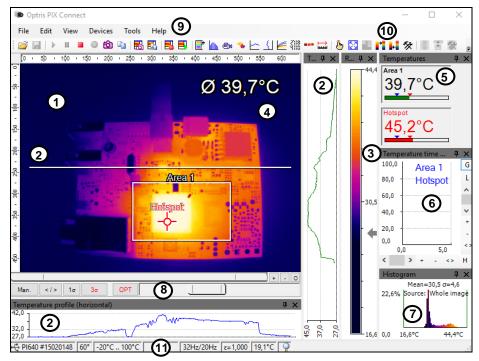


Figure 36: Software window

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

## sales@GlobalTestSupply.com

63

1 IR image from the camera

64

- 2 Temperature profile: Shows the temperatures along max. 2 lines at any size and position in the image.
- 3 Reference bar: Shows the scaling of temperature within the color palette.
- 4 Temperature of measure area: Analyses the temperature according to the selected shape, e.g. average temperature of the rectangle. The value is shown inside the IR image and the control displays.
- 5 Control displays: Displays all temperature values in the defined measure areas like Cold Spots, Hot Spots, temperature at cursor, internal temperature and chip temperature.

Alarm settings: Bar showing the defined temperature thresholds for low alarm value (blue arrow) and high alarm value (red arrow). The color of numbers within control displays changes to red (when temp. above the high alarm value) and to blue (when temp. below the low alarm value).

- 6 Temperature time diagram: Shows the temperature curves over time for selectable region of interest (ROI)
- 7 Histogram: Shows the statistic distribution of single temperature values.
- 8 Automatic / manual scaling of the palette (displayed temperature range): Man., </> (min, max), 1σ : 1 Sigma, 3σ : 3 Sigma, OPT: Palette optimization
- 9 Menu and Toolbar (Icons)
- **10** Icon enabling switching between color palettes
- 11 Status bar: Serial number, optic, temperature range, cursor position, device framerate/ display framerate, emissivity, ambient temperature, flag status

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

## 6.2.1 Basis features of the software PIX Connect

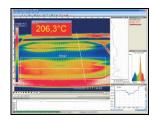
### Extensive infrared camera software

Windows

- No restrictions in licensing
- Modern software with intuitive user interface
- Remote control of camera via software
- Display of multiple camera images in different windows
- Compatible with Windows 7, 8 and 10

### High level of individualization for customer specific display

- Various language option including a translation tool
- Temperature display in °C or °F
- Different layout options for an individual setup (arrangement of windows, toolbar)
- Range of individual measurement parameter fitting for each application
- Adaption of thermal image (mirror, rotate)
- Individual start options (full screen, hidden, etc.)



www.GlobalTestSupply.com

	Ø 206,3°C	206,3°C
20092	W435	205.310 209.5
		206,110
	Area1	0 39/20
	-	
and the second second		* 34.0
THE OWNER WHEN THE OWNER	A DELEVISION OF THE OWNER.	
		e 101.00
- 1-1-1-1		

66

## Video recording and snapshot function

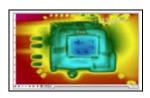
- Recording of video sequences and detailed frames for further analysis or documentation
- Adjustment of recording frequency to reduce data volume
- Display of snapshot history for immediate analysis

### Extensive online and offline data analysis

207,5	Area 1				-	9
	Area 2	_	me	-		1
134,1	Area 3					
P4 1					1	
~ -				-		mi
34,1	0.5	1.0	1.5	2.0	2.5	

- Analysis supported by measurement fields, hot and cold spot searching, image subtraction
- Real time temperature information within main window as digital or graphic display (line profile, temperature time diagram)
- Slow motion repeat of radiometric files and analysis without camera being connected
- Editing of sequences such as cutting and saving of individual images
- Various color palettes to highlight thermal contrasts

### Software PIX Connect



### Automatic process control

- Individual setup of alarm levels depending on the process
- Definition of visual or acoustic alarms and analog data output
- Analog and digital signal input (process parameter)
- External communication of software via COM-Ports and DLL
- Adjustment of thermal image via reference values

	AND A REAL PROPERTY OF A DRIVE OF A REAL PROPERTY OF						COLUMN STREET,			
		11		0	1	6	~			
	1187	1125	112.4	104	60.2	112.6	142.6	192	194.4	100
	118.6	112.6	110.0	110	111.4	112.5	1150	104	118.1	112.1
	118.0	118.0	115.0	116.8	118.0	118.5	110.0	10.0	118.7	100
	100	118.1	128.7	118.8	118.4	118.5	118.6	128.6	178.4	118.6
	122.8	122	122.2	123.2	1217	122.9	124.2	125.2	125.4	582
2	132.5	152.5	140.5	141.2	143.3	144.6	145.6	147.7	145.1	
φĿ.	120.5 MB.P	107.2	HTP	100.7	105.0	171.4	172.2	172.4	174.5	- 1919
21	187.7	188.2	100.1	140.7	101.2	102.5	185	194.5	105.2	106.6
	206.0	208.7	2017	228.7	208-0	212.8	212.2	2113	214.5	2114
	222.2	222.5	224.4	225.6	228.9	229.4	229.7	226.7	2215	2012
	156.8	217.6	235.4	205.1	242.5	241.4	241.0	261	241.8	264.4
	244.5	244.6	244.8	245.4	245.5	245	245.4	247	547	247.2
14	247.2	247.2	247.6	2217	228.2	248.1	248.4	229.2	104	2487
	218.8	248.9	248.8	284	2014	244.3	249.4	282	248.8	248.9
	253.8	251.4	251.6	252.8	251.5	248.4	201.5	2412	20	2412
	215	251.6	252	251.2	252.5	243.4	245.9	245.1	245	245.5
	235.7	212.5	232.3	252.3	2217		292.8	230.2	228.8	
201	223.4					225.4				261
22	211.9	2127	209.2	299.7	208-6	208.2	201.2	206.3	207.2	206.7
20	201.4	200.6	189.2	100.4	200	200.6	200	195.5	120.5	200.9
24	797.7			101.0			200 1			
81	197.1	168.5	189.5	195.4	197.8	200	201.6	201.8	197.5	2012
26	107.0	109.4	201.5	201	197.7	201.4	203.0	204.7	200.2	202.8
27	127.8	201.4	265.3	204.8	202.2	209.2	205.3	208.1	208.2	204.7
28	202.5	7.975	205.6	258.7	208.2	204.7	209.3	292.1	214.1	242.9
19			209.1							
36.	213	212.2	210.5	2-0.4	218.0	222-6	217.0	221.8	215	207.9
					223.6			225.8		226.8

### Temperature data analysis and documentation

- Triggered data collection
- Radiometric video sequences (\*.ravi) radiometric snapshots (\*.tiff)
- Text files including temp. information for analysis in Excel (\*.csv, \*.dat)
- Data with color information for standard programs such as Photoshop or Windows Media Player (\*.wmv, \*.tiff)
- Data transfer in real time to other software programs DLL or COM-Port interfaces

## 7 Basics of Infrared Thermometry

68

Depending on the temperature each object emits a certain amount of infrared radiation. A change in the temperature of the object is accompanied by a change in the intensity of the radiation.

Searching for new optical material William Herschel by chance found the infrared radiation in 1800.

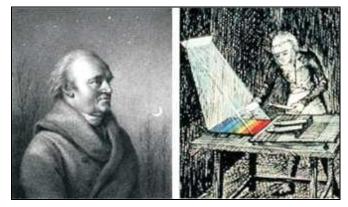


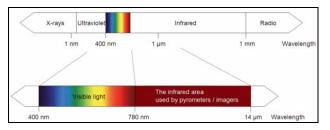
Figure 37: William Herschel (1738-1822)

He blackened the peak of a sensitive mercury thermometer. This thermometer, a glass prism that led sun rays onto a table made his measuring arrangement. With this, he tested the heating of different colors of the spectrum. Slowly moving the peak of the blackened thermometer through the colors of the spectrum, he

Find Quality Products Online at:

#### Basics of Infrared Thermometry

noticed the increasing temperature from violet to red. The temperature rose even more in the area behind the red end of the spectrum. Finally he found the maximum temperature far behind the red area.



Nowadays this area is called "infrared wavelength area".

Figure 38: The electromagnetic spectrum and the area used for temperature measurement

For the measurement of "thermal radiation" infrared thermometry uses a wave-length ranging between 1  $\mu$ m and 20  $\mu$ m. The intensity of the emitted radiation depends on the material. This material contingent constant is described with the help of the emissivity which is a known value for most materials (**>8 Emissivity**).

Infrared thermometers are optoelectronic sensors. They calculate the surface temperature on the basis of the emitted infrared radiation from an object. The most important feature of infrared thermometers is that they enable the user to measure objects contactless. Consequently, these products help to measure the temperature of inaccessible or moving objects without difficulties.

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com



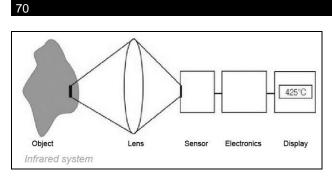


Figure 39: Main principle of non-contact thermometry

Infrared thermometers basically consist of the following components:

- Lens
- Spectral filter
- Detector
- Electronics (amplifier/ linearization/ signal processing)

The specifications of the lens decisively determine the optical path of the infrared thermometer, which is characterized by the ratio Distance to Spot size. The spectral filter selects the wavelength range, which is relevant for the temperature measurement. The detector in cooperation with the processing electronics transforms the emitted infrared radiation into electrical signals.

Find Quality Products Online at:

### Basics of Infrared Thermometry

The advantages of non-contact thermometry are clear - it supports:

- temperature measurements of moving or overheated objects and of objects in hazardous surroundings
- very fast response and exposure times
- measurement without inter-reaction, no influence on the
- measuring object
- non-destructive measurement
- long lasting measurement, no mechanical wear

72

+optris

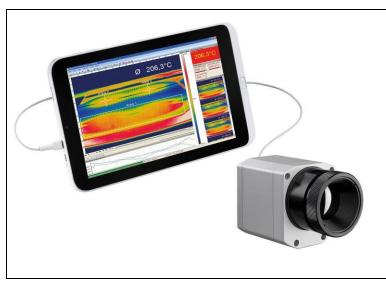


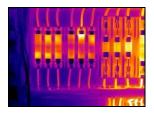
Figure 40: Non-contact thermometry

Find Quality Products Online at:

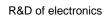
www.GlobalTestSupply.com

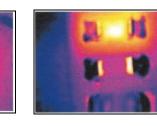
### Basics of Infrared Thermometry

## Application field:



Monitoring of electronic cabinets





R&D of electronic parts

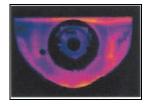
Process control extruding

plastic parts

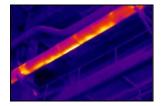
Process control manufacturing solar modules



Process control at calendering



R&D of mechanical parts



Monitoring of cables

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

## sales@GlobalTestSupply.com

73

+optris

ε + ρ+ τ = 1

## 8 Emissivity

74

## 8.1 Definition

The intensity of infrared radiation, which is emitted by each body, depends on the temperature as well as on the radiation features of the surface material of the measuring object. The emissivity ( $\epsilon$  – Epsilon) is used as a material constant factor to describe the ability of the body to emit infrared energy. It can range between 0 and 100 %. A "blackbody" is the ideal radiation source with an emissivity of 1.0 whereas a mirror shows an emissivity of 0.1.

IR radiation

Emission

Reflection

Transmission

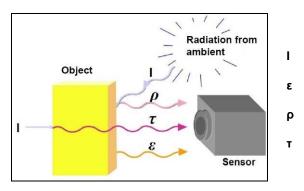


Figure 41: Composition of IR radiation

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

#### Emissivity

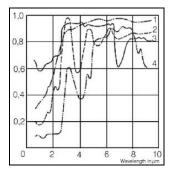


Figure 42: Spectral emissivity of several materials: 1 Enamel, 2 Plaster, 3 Concrete, 4 Chamotte

If the emissivity chosen is too high, the infrared thermometer may display a temperature value which is much lower than the real temperature – assuming the measuring object is warmer than its surroundings. A low emissivity (reflective surfaces) carries the risk of inaccurate measuring results by interfering infrared radiation emitted by background objects (flames, heating systems, chamottes). To minimize measuring errors in such cases, the handling should be performed very carefully and the unit should be protected against reflecting radiation sources.

75

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

### 8.2 Determination of unknown emissivity

76

- ► First determine the actual temperature of the measuring object with a thermocouple or contact sensor. Second, measure the temperature with the infrared thermometer and modify the emissivity until the displayed result corresponds to the actual temperature.
- If you monitor temperatures of up to 380 °C you may place a special plastic sticker (emissivity dots Part No.: ACLSED) onto the measuring object, which covers it completely.

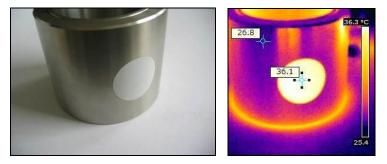


Figure 43: Plastic sticker at metal surface

Set the emissivity to 0.95 and take the temperature of the sticker. Afterwards, determine the temperature of the adjacent area on the measuring object and adjust the emissivity according to the value of the temperature of the sticker.

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

#### Emissivity

Cove a part of the surface of the measuring object with a black, flat paint with an emissivity of 0.98. Adjust the emissivity of your infrared thermometer to 0.98 and take the temperature of the colored surface. Afterwards, determine the temperature of a directly adjacent area and modify the emissivity until the measured value corresponds to the temperature of the colored surface.



Figure 44: Shiny metal surface left and blackened metal surface right

**CAUTION:** On all three methods the object temperature must be different from ambient temperature.

78

#### +optris

### 8.3 Characteristic emissivity

In case none of the methods mentioned above help to determine the emissivity you may use the emissivity table ► Appendix A and Appendix B. These are average values, only. The actual emissivity of a material depends on the following factors:

- temperature
- measuring angle
- geometry of the surface
- thickness of the material
- constitution of the surface (polished, oxidized, rough, sandblast)
- spectral range of the measurement
- transmissivity (e.g. with thin films)

Fixed radiometric values		
Emissivity:	1,000	* *
Transmissivity: (IR-window compensation)	1,000	*
Ambient temperature:	23,0	*

Figure 45: Adjustment of the emissivity in the software PIX Connect (menu Tools/ Configuration/ Device)

Find Quality Products Online at:

### Appendix A – Table of emissivity for metals

# Appendix A – Table of emissivity for metals

	Material	typical Emissivity					
Spec	tral response	1.0 µm	1.6 µm	5.1 µm	8-14 µm		
Aluminium	non oxidized	0.1-0.2	0.02-0.2	0.02-0.2	0.02-0.1		
	polished	0.1-0.2	0.02-0.1	0.02-0.1	0.02-0.1		
	roughened	0.2-0.8	0.2-0.6	0.1-0.4	0.1-0.3		
	oxidized	0.4	0.4	0.2-0.4	0.2-0.4		
Brass	polished	0.35	0.01-0.05	0.01-0.05	0.01-0.05		
	roughened	0.65	0.4	0.3	0.3		
	oxidized	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5		
Copper	polished	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.03		
	roughened	0.05-0.2	0.05-0.2	0.05-0.15	0.05-0.1		
	oxidized	0.2-0.8	0.2-0.9	0.5-0.8	0.4-0.8		
Chrome		0.4	0.4	0.03-0.3	0.02-0.2		
Gold		0.3	0.01-0.1	0.01-0.1	0.01-0.1		
Haynes	alloy	0.5-0.9	0.6-0.9	0.3-0.8	0.3-0.8		
Inconel	electro polished	0.2-0.5	0.25	0.15	0.15		
	sandblast	0.3-0.4	0.3-0.6	0.3-0.6	0.3-0.6		
	oxidized	0.4-0.9	0.6-0.9	0.6-0.9	0.7-0.95		
Iron	non oxidized	0.35	0.1-0.3	0.05-0.25	0.05-0.2		
	rusted		0.6-0.9	0.5-0.8	0.5-0.7		
	oxidized	0.7-0.9	0.5-0.9	0.6-0.9	0.5-0.9		
	forged, blunt	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9		
	molten	0.35	0.4-0.6	100000	DISTRICT.		
Iron, casted	non oxidized	0.35	0.3	0.25	0.2		
	oxidized	0.9	0.7-0.9	0.65-0.95	0.6-0.95		

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

80

+optris

	Material	typical Emissivity					
Spect	tral response	1.0 µm	1.6 µm	5.1 µm	8-14 µm		
Lead	polished roughened oxidized	0.35 0.65	0.05-0.2 0.6 0.3-0.7	0.05-0.2 0.4 0.2-0.7	0.05-0.1 0.4 0.2-0.6		
Magnesium		0.3-0.8	0.05-0.3	0.03-0.15	0.02-0.1		
Mercury			0.05-0.15	0.05-0.15	0.05-0.15		
Molybdenum	non oxidized oxidized	0.25-0.35 0.5-0.9	0.1-0.3 0.4-0.9	0.1-0.15 0.3-0.7	0.1 0.2-0.6		
Monel (Ni-Cu)		0.3	0.2-0.6	0.1-0.5	0.1-0.14		
Nickel	electrolytic oxidized	0.2-0.4 0.8-0.9	0.1-0.3 0.4-0.7	0.1-0.15 0.3-0.6	0.05-0.15		
Platinum	black	1	0.95	0.9	0.9		
Silver		0.04	0.02	0.02	0.02		
Steel	polished plate rustless heavy plate cold-rolled oxidized	0.35 0.35 0.8-0.9 0.8-0.9	0.25 0.2-0.9 0.8-0.9 0.8-0.9	0.1 0.15-0.8 0.5-0.7 0.8-0.9 0.7-0.9	0.1 0.1-0.8 0.4-0.6 0.7-0.9 0.7-0.9		
Tin	non oxidized	0.25	0.1-0.3	0.05	0.05		
Titanium	polished oxidized	0.5-0.75	0.3-0.5 0.6-0.8	0.1-0.3 0.5-0.7	0.05-0.2 0.5-0.6		
Wolfram	polished	0.35-0.4	0.1-0.3	0.05-0.25	0.03-0.1		
Zinc	polished oxidized	0.5 0.6	0.05 0.15	0.03 0.1	0.02 0.1		

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

Appendix B - Table of	f emissivity	for non-metals
-----------------------	--------------	----------------

# Appendix B – Table of emissivity for non-metals

N	laterial	typical Emissivity						
Spectr	al response	1.0 µm	2.2 µm	5.1 µm	8-14 µm			
Asbestos		0.9	0.8	0.9	0.95			
Asphalt				0.95	0.95			
Basalt	111			0.7	0.7			
Carbon	non oxidized graphite	10	0.8-0.9 0.8-0.9	0.8-0.9 0.7-0.9	0.8-0.9			
Carborundum			0.95	0.9	0.9			
Ceramic		0.4	0.8-0.95	0.8-0.95	0.95			
Concrete		0.65	0.9	0.9	0.95			
Glass	plate melt	çe	0.2	0.98	0.85			
Grit		3		0.95	0.95			
Gypsum				0.4-0.97	0.8-0.95			
Ice					0.98			
Limestone				0.4-0.98	0.98			
Paint	non alkaline				0.9-0.95			
Paper	any color			0.95	0.95			
Plastic >50 µm	non transparent			0.95	0.95			
Rubber	116 6 116 6	2		0.9	0.95			
Sand		1		0.9	0.9			
Snow		5		8	0.9			
Soil		6		(A	0.9-0.98			
Textiles				0.95	0.95			
Water	1.20				0.93			
Wood	natural	· · · · · ·		0.9-0.95	0.9-0.95			

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

## Appendix C – Quick start for serial communication

#### Introduction

One special feature of the PIX Connect software contains the possibility to communicate via a serial COM-Port interface. This can be a physical COM-Port or a virtual COM-Port (VCP). It must be available on the computer where the PIX Connect software is installed.

#### Setup of the interface

1. Open the Configurations dialog and enter the tab "External Communication" to enable the software for the serial communication.

Configuration								×
General Measure areas Te	mp. profiles Te	emp/Time diagram	Device	Devi	ice (PIF) F	Referencing	Recording	Playing
Snapshots / Copy to clipboard	Trig. Recording	ng / Snapshots C	apture Sc	reen	Histogram	Extended n	neasuring	Measuring colors
IR Image arranging Alarms	Event grabber	External Communi	cation E	Extend	ed Layout			

2. Select the mode "COM-Port" and choose the appropriate port.

Find Quality Products Online at:

#### Appendix C – Quick start for serial communication

Mode Off	Conn	ect SDK (IPC)	COM-Port
COM-Port			
Port:	Kommunikat	tionsanschluss (CC	DM1) -
Baud rate:		9600 🗸	]
Bus address	:	1	

3. Select the baud rate that matches the baud rate of the other communication device. The other interface parameters are 8 data bits, no parity and one stop bit (8N1).

These parameters are used in many other communication devices too. The other station must support 8 bit data.

4. Connect the computer with the communication device. If this is a computer too, use a null modem cable.

#### **Command list**



The command list is provided on the USB stick and in the PIX Connect software (Help  $\rightarrow$  SDK). Every command must expire with CR/LF (0x0D, 0x0A).

83

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

## Appendix D – Interprocess Communication (IPC)

The description of the initialization procedure as well as the necessary command list is provided on the USB stick and in the PIX Connect software ( $\texttt{Help} \rightarrow \texttt{SDK}$ ). 2 SDK packages are available (included on USB stick):

SDR packages are available (included on OOD stick).

- 1. **Connect SDK:** requires the PIX Connect software
- 2. Direct SDK: no PIX Connect software required, supports Linux and Windows

The communication to the process imager device is handled by the PIX Connect software (Imager.exe) only. A dynamic link library (ImagerIPC2.dll) provides the interprocess communication (IPC) for other attached processes. The DLL can be dynamically linked into the secondary application. Or it can be done static by a lib file too. Both Imager.exe and ImagerIPC2.dll are designed for Windows 7/ 8/ 10 only. The application must support call-back functions and polling mode.

The ImagerIPC2.dll will export a bunch of functions that are responsible for initiating the communication, retrieving data and setting some control parameters.

The main difference to the former Version 1 (ImagerIPC.dll) is the support of more than one Optris PI via multiple instances of Optris PIX Connect.

84

1

Appendix E – PIX Connect Resource Translator

## Appendix E – PIX Connect Resource Translator

 $(\mathbf{i})$ 

A detailed tutorial is provided on the USB stick.

PIX Connect is a .Net Application. Therefore it is ready for localization. Localization as a Microsoft idiom means a complete adaption of resources to a given culture. Learn more about the internationalization topics consult Microsoft's developer documentation on

If desired the localization process can be illustrated in detail. Also the resizing of buttons or other visible resources and the support of right-to-left-languages are supported. Experts who have the appropriate tools should handle it. Nevertheless we have developed the small tool "**Resource Translator**" to make the translation of the resources of the PIX Connect application possible for everybody.

This tool helps to translate any visible text within the PIX Connect application.

**Find Quality Products Online at:** 

# Appendix F – Wiring diagrams PIF

### Analog Output:

86

The maximum load impedance is 500 Ohm.

The analog output can be used as a digital output too. The current value for "no alarm" and "alarm on" is set within the software.

Find Quality Products Online at:

#### Appendix F – Wiring diagrams PIF

**Digital Input:** 

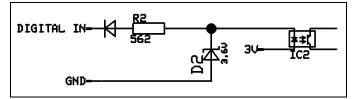


Figure 46: Digital input

The digital input can be activated with a button to the PI GND-Pin or with a low level CMOS/TTL signal: Low level 0...0.6 V; High level 2...24 V

Example Button:

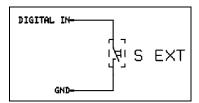


Figure 47: Button

87

## Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

Analog input (usable voltage range: 0 ... 10 V):

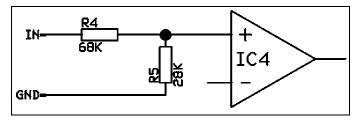


Figure 48: Analog input

### Relay output at industrial PIF [Part No.: ACPIPIFMACBxx]

The analog output must be set to "Alarm". The range for AO1-AO3 can be set in the software (no alarm: 0-4 mA/ alarm: 10-20 mA).

REL1-3 (DO1-DO3): U<sub>max</sub> = 30 VDC

 $I_{max} = 400 \text{ mA}$ 

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

#### Appendix F – Wiring diagrams PIF

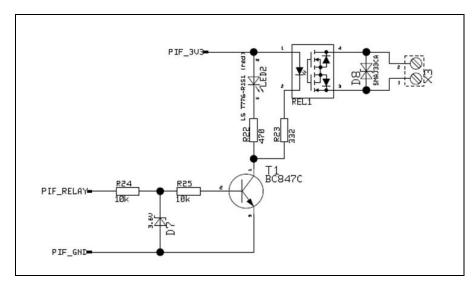


Figure 49: Relay output at industrial PIF

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com

sales@GlobalTestSupply.com

89

90

#### +optris

# Appendix G – Declaration of Conformity

	Optris GmbH Ferdinand Buisson Str. 14 D-13127 Berlin		rie optris PI oup optris PI	U und der allgemeinen Produktsicherheits- 0/EU and the General Product Safety Directive		s: jen / Basic requirements)	tsurement devices:	e 2015/86.3/EU (RoHS) des Europäischen beschrankung der Verwendung bestimmter an. 63/EU (RoHS) of the European Parliament and of e use of certain hazardous substances in	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	Dr. Urich Kienitz Geschäftsführer / General Manager
EG-Konformitätserklärung EU Declaration of Conformity	Wir / We Optris GmbH Ferdinand Buisson 5 D-13127 Berlin	erklären in alleiniger Verantwortung, dass declare on our own responsibility that	die Produktserie optris Pl the product group optris P	den Anforderungen der EMV-Richtlinie 2014/30/EU und der allgemeinen Produktsicherheits- richtlinie 2001/95/EG entspricht. meets the provisions of the EMC Directive 2014/30/EU and the General Product Safety Directive 2001/95/EC.	Angewandte harmonisierte Normen: Applied harmonized standards:	EMV Anforderungen / EMC General Requirements: EN 61326-1:2013 (Grundlegende Prüfanforderungen / Basic requirements) EN 61326-2:3:2013	Gerätesicherheit von Messgeräten / Safety of measurement devices: EN 61010-1:2010 EN 60825-1:2014 (Lasersicherheit / Laser safety)	Dieses Produkt erfüllt die Vorschriften der Richtlinie 2015/863/EU (ROHS) des Europäischen Parlaments und des Rates vom 4. Juni 2015 zur Beschränkung der Verwendung bestimmter gefinicher Stoffe in Elektro- und Elektroningeratien. This product is in conformity with Directive 2015/863/EU (ROHS) of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4. June 2015 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.	Berlin, 07.08.2020	Ort, Datum / place, date

Find Quality Products Online at:

www.GlobalTestSupply.com